

<p>World History Imperialism</p>	<p>Grade Level State Indicators Covered: Analyze the reasons that countries gained control of territory through imperialism and the impact on people living in the territory that was controlled.</p>
<p>Content/Concepts: indigenous language natural resources labor political systems religion cultural superiority missionaries imperialism territory justify</p>	<p>Analyze the perspectives of the colonizers and the colonized concerning</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Indigenous language Natural resources; Labor; Political Systems; Religion. <p>10. Imperial expansion had political, economic and social roots. 11. Imperialism involved land acquisition, extraction of raw materials, spread of Western values and maintenance of political control. 12. The consequences of imperialism were viewed differently by the colonizers and the colonized.</p>
<p>Skills: Expository reading, analyzing, discussing, describing</p>	<p>Critical Questions:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> What is imperialism? What caused the imperialism of the late 1800s? How were territories affected when they were taken over by an imperialistic country? What reasons did imperialist countries give to justify taking over other territories?
<p>Assessments: Formative during classroom activities to gauge where students are, homework to check for understanding, writings based on primary documents, notebook check questions, and a test for final evaluation of knowledge.</p>	