

<p>World History The Enlightenment</p>	<p>Grade Level State Indicators Covered: 1. Explain how Enlightenment ideas produced enduring effects on political, economic and cultural institutions, including challenges to religious authority, monarchy and absolutism. 2. Explain connections among Enlightenment ideas, the American Revolution, the French Revolution and Latin American wars for independence.</p>
<p>Content/Concepts:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • rationalism • natural law • Montesquieu • Rousseau • John Locke • Adam Smith • mercantilism • absolutism • divine right of kings • enlightened despotism • Enlightenment 	<p>Critical Questions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How did rationalism and the idea of natural law change how the peoples of Europe solved problems? • What effect did this have on the Catholic Church as well as the Protestant denominations? • What ideas were proposed by Montesquieu, Rousseau and Locke that contradicted absolutism? • List different ways monarchs could respond to these new ideas. • What ideas did Adam Smith have that contradicted mercantile policies? • Describe a country's economic trade policy if it followed the free enterprise model proposed by Adam Smith.
<p>Skills: Expository reading, analyzing, discussing, describing</p>	<p>Assessments: Formative during classroom activities to gauge where students are, homework to check for understanding, writings to work on expository, fact based, writing skills and evaluate where students are with their understanding of how to do so properly, and a test for final evaluation of knowledge.</p>